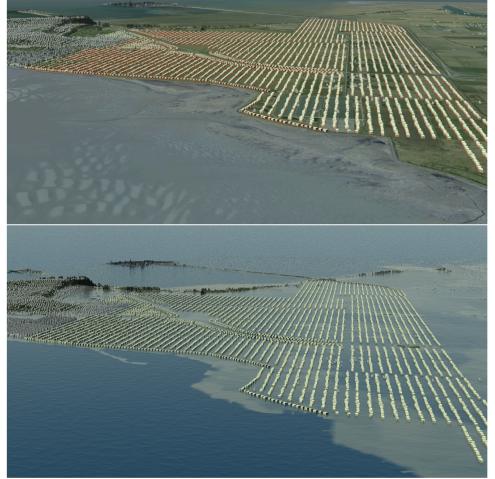
VISUALIZATION OF HOLISTIC LOCAL SCENARIOS:

a Local Climate Change Visioning Process

Stephen R. J. Sheppard PhD., ASLA

Collaborative for Advanced Landscape Planning, UBC, Vancouver, Canada

Scenario Planning for Climate Change Adaptation Decisionmaking: the State of the Art University of Arizona, 31 March 2015







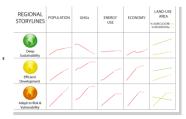
Components of Visioning Process

(Pond et al., 2010)

1. Participation



2. Scenario Building



3. Data / Modeling Integration



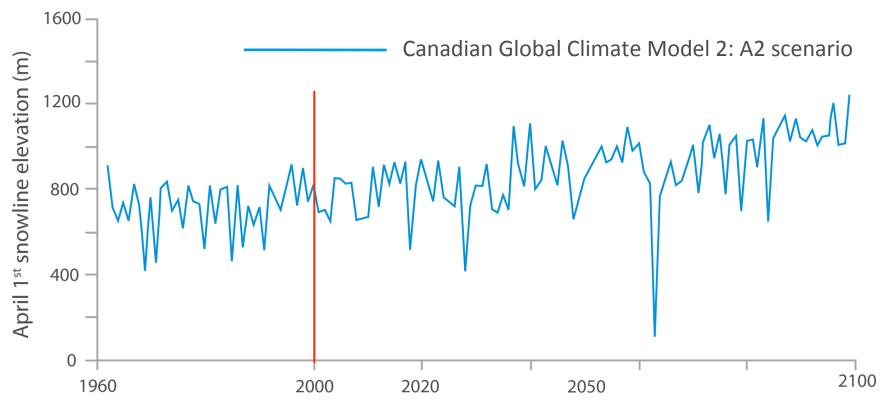
4. 3D and 4D Visualizations



Snowpack example

Average April 1st Snowline

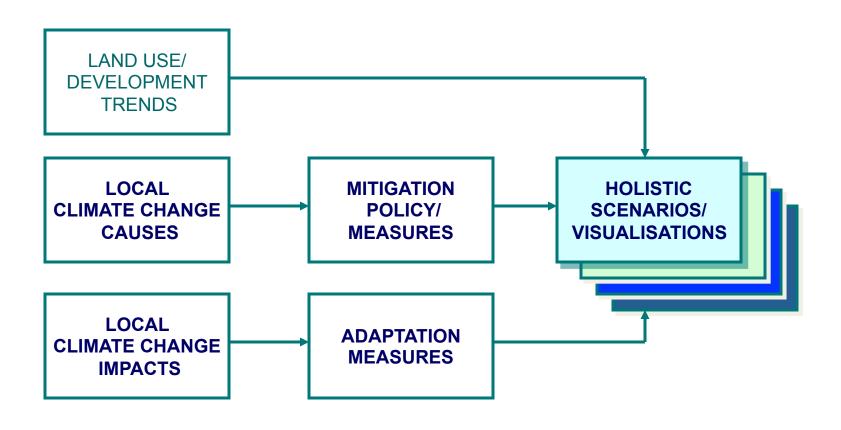




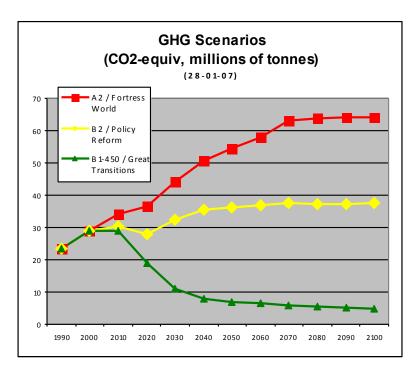
Data: Environment Canada; Visualization: D. Flanders, CALP

Year

Local Climate Change Scenario Framework: developing meaningful future stories



Visualizing future pathways (alternative land use plans)



GB-QUEST Modelling/ Tellus regional scenarios for Metro Vancouver (Carmichael)













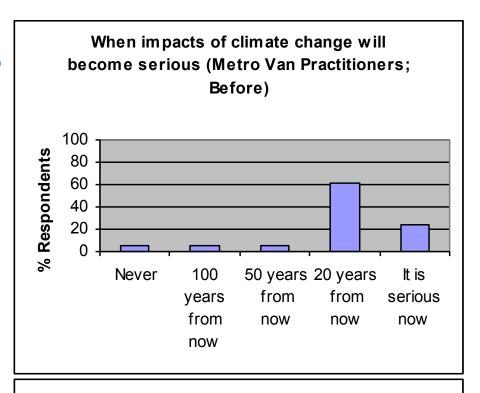
Visualisation: D. Flanders, CALP

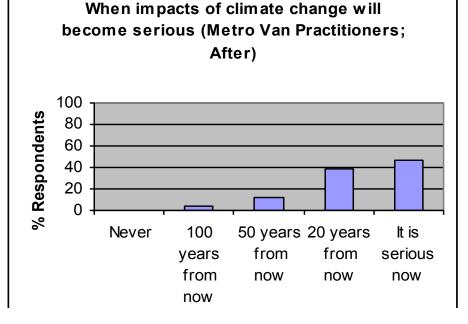


Effects of Local Climate Change Visioning Process?

Change in Perceptions of Urgency:

- Before: 23% of practitioners felt that the impacts of climate change are serious now
- After: 46% felt that way





Participant comments on the process (South Delta community):

- "I learned how climate change could affect my community in a very graphic way. Numbers may not stay with me but visuals will"
- "I was somewhat aware of global warming impacts on the Maldives and polar ice caps - this presentation placed my own community in that context"
- "Felt empowered"

Impacts of Local Climate Change Visioning Process



Delta 2007 public workshops with survey (Sheppard et al., 2011)

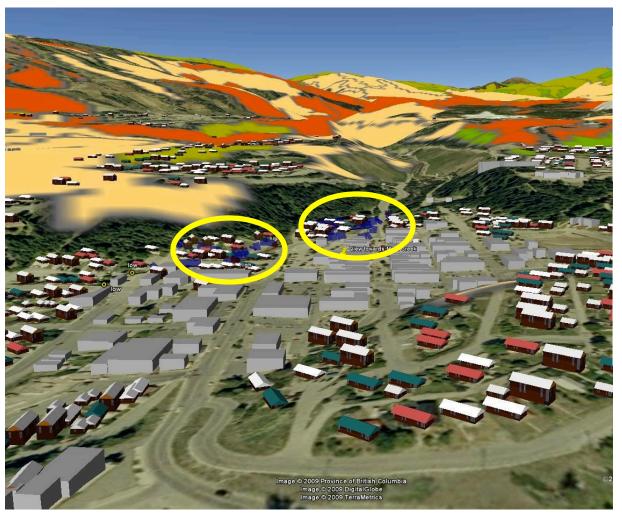
- Increased understanding of local impacts and solutions
- Increased willingness (65-69%) to support local mitigation/ adaptation measures

Longterm impacts on decisionmaking: interviews 4 years later (Cornish, 2013)

- Local government staff more willing to consider radical solutions to climate change
- New studies on hazards (N. Vancouver) and adaptation scenarios (Delta)
- Widespread use of visual images in the community

KIMBERLEY VISIONING

Limited modelling and budget, embedded in planning



Mountain Pine Beetle and fire in the watershed could increase debris flows and accelerate run-off

Climate Change projected increase of winter precipitation, leading to likely flooding

Over 30 adaptation measures adopted in the final plan

Delta Visioning Case Study (Regional Adaptation Collaborative)

Hold the Line



Managed Retreat



Build Up

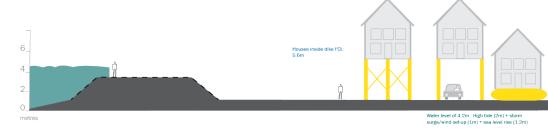




Ladner - Dike View

Build Up Scenario (hypothetical year 2100)

Build Up Scenario





Ladner - Dike View

Build Up Scenario (hypothetical year 2100)

1.2 metres sea level rise
D. Flanders, CALP

Future Delta 2.0 educational climate change videogame



Student testing sessions:

- Game play experience
- Pre-/post-questionnaires (Dulic et al., 2012)

Evaluation: huge enthusiasm & critical co-design

FUTURE DELTA 2.0 END STATE: 2100 **BUSINESS AS USUAL** (Entry to the Game) Meta-Narrative ACT 1: 2075 PLAYER: Elderly Man/Woman CC EVENT: Sea Level Rise ACT 1: 2050 PLAYER: Professional (Scientist/Inventor) CC EVENT: Drought/Heat Wave ACT 2: 2020 PLAYER: University Student/Activist CC EVENT: Winter Rains/Floods ACT 1: 2015 **ADAPT** PLAYER: High School Student CC EVENT: The "Black-Out" (Game PLAY Starts Here)

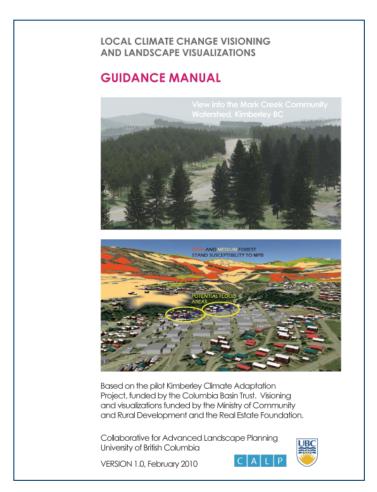




ADAPT & MITIGATE

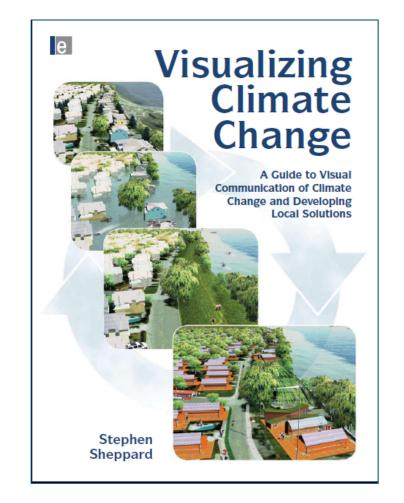
Resources: Delta RAC website: http://www.delta-adaptation-bc.ca

Visualization Training Modules: http://www.delta-adaptation-bc.ca/category/training-modules/



Visioning Guidance Manual (Pond et al, 2010)

www.calp.forestry.ubc.ca/publications



Earthscan/Routledge book www.visualizingclimatechange.ca



